Alnico Gen2 Series, 12Gbps SAS to 6Gbps SAS/SATA JBOD Subsystems Installation Guide

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Regulatory information

CE For Europe

FC

This drive is in conformity with the EMC directive.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Those limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

Reorient or relocate the receiving antennas.

Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circlet different from that to which the receiver is connected.

Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Warning:

A shielded-type power cord is required in order to meet FCC emission limits and also to prevent interference to the nearby radio and television reception. It is essential that only the supplied power cord be used.

Use only shielded cables to connect I/O devices to this equipment.

You are cautioned that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void your authority to operate the equipment.

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About This Installation Guide

Welcome to Hardware Installation Guide. This guide is designed to be used as step-by-step instructions for installation of your subsystem, and covers everything you need to know in learning how to operation, troubleshooting and future upgrades. For the detail about how to configure your subsystem, please refer to the Software Operation manual.

Symbols in Text

These symbols may be found in the text of this guide. They have the following meanings.



Important terms, commands and programs are put in **Boldface** font. Screen text is given in **screen** font.

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Chapter 1. INTRODUCTION

This chapter introduces the features and capabilities of Alnico 12Gb SAS to 6Gb SAS/SATA JBOD subsystems.

You will find:

- ⇒ A full introduction to your JBOD SYSTEM
- Details of key features and supplied accessories
- A checklist of package contents
- A checklist of what else you need to start installation

Model Variations

There are three available models in Alnico 12Gb JBOD subsystem series; which utilize Single 12Gbps miniSAS HD connector as Host interface and dual 12Gbps miniSAS HD connectors for expansion, each with 12, 16, or 24 device bays.

Model Name	Host Interface	Device bays	Controller Numbers
AN-624JT	SAS (miniSAS HD)	24 bays	1 or 2
AN-616JT	SAS (miniSAS HD)	16 bays	1 or 2
AN-612JT	SAS (miniSAS HD)	12 bays	1 or 2

Features

The 12Gb JBOD system is designed to meet today's large volume and excellent performance storage requirements in rapidly changing business environment. It provides a maximum data protection and exceptional performance in a storage subsystem. Target usage ranges are set from small business to departmental and corporate server needs. The 12Gb JBOD system is designed for easy integration, smooth data expansion and server migration.

The firmware of 12Gb JBOD system has been included the failover to utilize the most up-to-date technology available, providing your system with reliable, high-quality performance. User can configure redundant mode with two expander module using either RAID controllers or HBAs to achieve failover protection. Each expander board features three 12Gb/s Mini SAS HD

(SFF-8644) connectors; default setting one for host and two for expansion to additional JBOD enclosures.

For host and easy expansion. High Performance Architecture sets new boundaries of industry performance expectations! 12Gb/s SAS (1200MB/s bandwidth per physical link) 6Gb/s SAS/SATA (600MB/s bandwidth per physical link). The DataBolt[™] Bandwidth Optimizer is designed to help facilitate the industry transition to 12Gb/s SAS-enabled systems by allowing users to take advantage of 12Gb/s speeds while utilizing existing 12Gb/s drives and backplanes. The expander buffers 12Gb/s data and then transfers it out to the host at 12Gb/s speeds in order to match the bandwidth between faster hosts and slower SAS or SATA devices.

The 12Gb JBOD systems contains an embedded expander manager that can access via in-band SES-2 over SMP protocol and out-of band RS-232 port. An out-of-band serial port is available for managing the configuration and monitoring the expander.

The 12 Gb JBOD system supports the following features:

- Supports 6Gb/s SAS and 6Gb/s SATA disk drives.
- Single (4x wide-port) minSAS HD connector for host connection.
- Dual (4x wide-port) minSAS HD connectors for expander module daisy chain.
- Redundant and Hot Swappable JBOD expander I/O board, Fan, Power and Drives.
- Completely monitored by In-band SES (SAS Port), out-of-band RS232 serial port.
- CLI through RS232 serial port
- Supports "DataBoltTM Bandwidth Optimizer" to take the advantage of 12Gb/s speed with slower SAS and SATA devices.
- Configuration and environmental information is accessible either via the Serial Port or RAID System.
- Load sharing, hot swappable redundant power system with PFC function.

Understanding the Alnico RAID subsystem

Front Panel Overview

LED Indicators

LED Indicators

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	,		



Driver Bay numbering convention

The enclosure bay numbering convention is shown in following figure. A bay is designed to house a single 3,5-inch hard disk drive or a 2.5" hard disk in his carrier module.

AN-624JT

	DN DB DA DA DA	- 14		
	:e_ 1	: 0 _2	:⊖3	: 0 4
	:⊖ _ 5	÷⊖6	: 0 7	÷ - 8
	:⊖_9	:= 10	: • 11	: 0 _12
	:= 13	:= 14	:= 15	:=16
	:•_17	:=18	:= 19	:= 20
0	:⊕_21	:⊕22	:⊕23	:= 24

AN-616JT

	06 06 06							
; 0	_ 1	: 0	2	:0	3	:⊖	_ 4	
:0	5		6	:0	. 7	:⊖	8	
:0	9		10	:0	<u>, 11</u>	:0	<u> </u>	
:0	13		14	:0	<u>,</u> 15	:0	16	

AN-612JT

:e_1	: 0 _2	: 0 3	: 0_4
: 🖶 5	: - 6	: 9 7	8
: = 9	:= 10	: • 11	€ <mark>12</mark>

Drive Bay



Rear Panel Overview





- 1. Expander Box 1.
- 2. Expander Box 2
- 3. SAS CH 0 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate
SAS	Green	Link

	Blue + Blink	Access
--	--------------	--------

4. SAS Expand Port 1 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate
SAS	Green	Link
	Blue + Blink	Access

5. SAS Expand Port 0 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate
SAS	Green	Link
	Blue + Blink	Access

- 5. Console (Terminal Port)
- 6. Reserved
- 8. Power Switch
- 9. FAN failure indicator (Rear / Front)
- 10. FAN Module 1
- 11. FAN Module 1 latch
- 12. FAN failure indicator (Rear / Front)
- 13. FAN Module 2
- 14. FAN Module 2 latch
- 15. AC inlet 1 & Ltch
- 16. Power Module 1
- 17. AC inlet 2 & Latch
- 18. Power Module 2
- 19. AC inlet 3 & Latch
- 20. Power Module 3





- 1. Expander Box 1.
- 2. Expander Box 2
- 3. SAS CH 0 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate
SAS	Green	Link
	Blue + Blink	Access

4. SAS Expand Port 1 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate
SAS	Green	Link
	Blue + Blink	Access

5. SAS Expand Port 0 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate
SAS	Green	Link
	Blue + Blink	Access

- 6. Console (Terminal Port)
- 6. Reserved
- 8. Power Switch
- 9. FAN failure indicator (Rear / Front)
- 10. FAN Module 1
- 11. FAN Module 1 latch

- 12. FAN failure indicator (Rear / Front)
- 13. FAN Module 2
- 14. FAN Module 2 latch
- 15. AC inlet 1 & Ltch
- 16. Power Module 1
- 17. AC inlet 2 & Latch
- 18. Power Module 2

AN-812JT 12bays 12Gb SAS to 6Gb SAS/SATA JBOD SUBSYSTEM



- 1. Expander Box 1.
- 2. Expander Box 2
- 3. SAS CH 0 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate	
SAS	Green	Link	
Blue + Blink		Access	

4. SAS Expand Port 1 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate	
SAS	Green	Link	
Blue + Blink		Access	

7. SAS Expand Port 0 & LED Indicator

LED	Colors	Indicate
SAS	Green	Link
Blue + Blink		Access

- 8. Console (Terminal Port)
- 9. Reserved
- 8. Power Switch
- 9. FAN failure indicator 1.(Rear / Front)
- 10. FAN Module 1
- 11. FAN failure indicator 2 (Rear / Front)
- 12. FAN Module 2
- 13. AC inlet 1 & Ltch
- 14. Power Module 1
- 15. AC inlet 2 & Latch
- 16. Power Module 2

Chapter 2. INSTALLATION

This chapter presents:

- Instructions on unpacking & checking the equipment
- Instructions on how to install Hard disk drive
- ⇒ Instructions on how to install Alnico JBOD in a Rack.
- Instructions on how to connect Alnico JBOD.

Unpacking & checking the Equipment

Before unpacking the Alnico JBOD subsystem, prepare a clean, stable surface to put on the contents of Alnico JBOD shipping container. Altogether, you should find following items in the package:

Alnico 12Gb SAS to 6Gb SAS/SATA JBOD Subsystem :

- JBOD subsystem x1
- CD-ROM x 1 (Includes Hardware Installation Guide).
- Serial cable x1
- Power Cord x 2 (AN-616JT and AN-612JT), Power Cord x 3 (AN-624JT)
- miniSAS HD cable (SFF-8644) x 1
- Drive Bay, (AN-612 x 13, AN-616 x 17, AN-624 x 25)
- Slide Kit (Rails) for Rack
- Mounting screws : for 2.5" disks (bag) × 1 / for 2.5" disks (bag) × 1

What else you need

- Hard disk drives (different RAID levels requires different numbers of HDDs. Refer to Software Operation manual for more detail information.
- Host computer with SAS interface or Alnico RAID subsystem.
- Dedicated terminal or PC with third party communication software that supports ANSI terminal emulation (required for viewing Monitor Utility)

ESD Precaution

Use a suitable anti-static wrist or ankle strap and observe all conventional ESD precaution when handle Alnico JBOD's modules and components. Avoid contact with backplane components and module connectors.

Installing hard disks

The Alnico JBOD series includes 16 hot swappable drive bays. The following sections describe how to install disks into Alnico JBOD subsystems.

Loading 2.5" Hard Disk to the drive bay.

- 1. Put 2.5 HDD into the bay.
- 2. Fasten all 4 screws to mount HDD in the bay and make sure the HDD is properly tightened.



Loading 3.5" Hard Disk to the drive bay.

- 1. Put 3.5 HDD into the bay.
- 2. Fasten all 4 screws to mount HDD in the bay and make sure the HDD is properly tightened.



Place drive bays back into the system

- 1. Slide in drive bay, make sure the handle is open fully.
- 2. Close the handle to engage the drive bay into the slot.

NOTE

Note

The hard drives in a JBOD should match in size and speed. All drives in any array should be identical models with the same firmware versions.

Caution



Only use the screws offered with Alnico RAID subsystem. Longer screws might cause the drive damage.

All the drive bays (with or without hard drive) must be placed in the Alnico subsystem. Alnico's cooling system is designed with full of drive bays. Missing drive bays might cause the subsystem damage.

Install The Alnico JBOD subsystem in a Rack

You are shipped one rackmounting kit for each Alnico subsystem that you intend to rackmount. Alnico subsystem is designed for installation into a industry-standard 19-inch rackmount cabinet. Following the use of this section for installing the Alnico subsystem into a Rack

Install the Slide Rails

- 1. Combine Left slide rail and rear slide rail.
- 2. Measure the depth of the rack enclosure, then fasten 4 of P4*8M screws into M4 Locking nuts to fix the length.
- 3. Use T5*8M screws and PW14 washer to install the left slide on Front and rear Posts of Rack as Figure 1.
- 4. repeat procedure 1 ~ 3 to install the right Slide into the Rack.





Place the Alnico Subsystem into the rack

1. Lift the subsystem enclosure and slide it slowly and gently along the slide rail into the rack as Figure 2.



Figure 2.

2. Fasten two M5 screws through the chassis ears in the front side of the

chassis to secure the Alnico subsystem in the rack as Figure 3.



Figure 3.

Caution The Alnico subsystem is heavy, two person are required to move the system Caution in the procedure.

System Connection Connect all cables and power cord as shown below :

Cable	Alnico JBOD	Device	Purpose
Serial Cable	Console	ANSI Terminal ora PC with Terminal emulator.	Configuration Utility
MiniSAS HD Cable	SAS CH0	SAS HBA of Host computer Alnico SAS RAID subsystem	Host interface between JBOD and Host computer
Power Cord	Power inlet	A/C power outlet	A/C power input
MiniSAS HD Cable	SAS Exp.	Alnico JBOD	Connect to SAS Expander

NOTE

Note

Make sure that all the devices are powered off before connecting or removing cables to prevent power spikes which can damage technical components.

Connection to the RAID System (Basic)



16bays JBOD



Connection to the RAID System with more SAS JBODs

It supports up to four tiers and 256 drives.

- One RAID Set supports up to 32 HDDs
- One SAS RAID subsystem supports up to 128 Volumes
- One SAS RAID subsystem supports up to 256 SAS devices

There are four tiers within JBOD topology as above:

- First tier is a RAID System.
- Second tier is a SAS JBOD with a SAS CH0 on it. Connecting SAS CH0 to SAS exp. Port on RAID System via a MiniSAS HD Cable.
- Third tier could be two SAS JBODs with a SAS CH0 port individually. One is connected to the SAS EXP. Port on the second tier SAS JBOD via a MiniSAS HD Cable. Another is connected to the SAS CH1/E Port on the second tier SAS JBOD

• Fourth tier is a SAS JBOD with a SAS CH0 on it. Connecting SAS CH0 to SAS exp. Port on third tier SAS JBOD via a MiniSAS HD Cable.



- 1. Alnico Gen2 subsystem do not require the installation of different drivers for use with different operating systems. Alnico Gen2 system is independent and transparent to the host operating system.
- 2. It is often recommended to install the hard drive with same brand, model no., interface and capacity in this RAID subsystem.
- 3. Please do not install SAS and SATA hard drives at the same time, as these hard drives spin at different speed and may lead to compatible issues or performance decline.
- 4. RAID members need to be included at the same enclosure that means you need to create array in the same enclosure. RAID members across two or more enclosures would get some risks (for example: if mini-SAS cable get problem, more RAID members will be lost, volume sets belong to this Array may be failed. Shutdown RAID and JBOD to fix problem, after that, turn on JBOD and RAID system again and controller will get array back, but in some special case maybe it can't get array back)

Turning on for the first time

When cabling is completed, RAID system + 12Gb/s SAS JBOD system can be turned on. This should be done in the following order:

- 1. First turn on the power switch of 12Gb/s JBOD system.
- 2. Then turn on the power switch of RAID system
- 3. Power on and boot the host computer(s)

Turning off

When turning off RAID system + 12Gb/s JBOD system, users are advised to first shut down the server, then power off RAID SYSTEM ,finally power off 12Gb/s JBOD SYSTEM.



Chapter 3. TROUBLE SHOOTING

This chapter contains trouble shooting procedures and suggestions to minimize their impact on the Alnico JBOD operation :

Instructions on how to replace the components of Alnico JBOD subsystem.

If the fault LED on the front panel of Alnico JBOD lights, or if Alnico RAID's Internet manager indicates a fault of JBOD, determine the reason for this alert immediately. Examine the component LEDs to see if any indicates a fault, then replace it as soon as possible.

Replace the Expander box



Read the replacing notices earlier in this chapter before proceeding with replacement.

This section provides instructions for the removal and installation of the Expander box components indicated in the figure below. This section is for the reference of engineers. End users should not need to replace or remove components.

Removing the JBOD Expender box from AN-616 and AN-624 JBOD :

In order to access expander box, turn

anti-clock wise to release two thumb

screws, then use the eject bar to remove

controller box.

Removing the JBOD Expender box from AN-612 JBOD :

In order to access controller box,

1. Turn anti-clock wise to release the thumb Screws.





2. Push down the use eject bar to remove

controller box.

Installing the Expander box into JBOD subsystem:

Reverse the procedure of "**removing the controller**" to install the controller into Alnico RAID.

Then according to "Appendix C. Configuration table" on "Soft Operation Manual" to reconfigure your RAID

Hot Swapping to replace the Fan Module

This section provides instructions for the removal and installation of the Fan Module indicated in the figure below.

Removing the Fan Module from

AN-616 and AN-624 :

Remove the Fan modules by slide the release button left and pull the module out of system.



Replace the Fan in Fan module

- There are two failure LEDs on the rear of Fan module. Check which LED lights to yellow.
- Remove the Fan modules by anti-clock wise to release the thumb screw then slide it back and lifting off.
- 3. Release the screw to remove the defect fan.
- 4. Insert the spare Fan and fasten the screw.





Removing the Fan Module from

AN-612:

In order to access controller box,

- 1. Turn anti-clock wise to release the thumb Screws.
- 2. Push down the use eject bar to remove controller box.
- 3. Remove the Fan modules by pull the module out of system.

Replace the Fan in Fan module

- 5. There are two failure LEDs on the rear of Fan module. Check which LED lights to yellow.
- 6. Remove the Fan modules by anti-clock wise to release the thumb screw then slide it back and lifting off.
- 7. Release the screw to remove the defect fan.
- 8. Insert the spare Fan and fasten the screw.

Hot Swapping to replace the Power Module This section provides instructions for the removal and installation of the Power

Module indicated in the figure below.



Removing the Power Module

Unscrew the thumb fastener, then push right the release button, slide it back and lifting off.



Installing the Power module into Alnico:

Insert a Power module then fasten the screw.



The Power indicator will turn bright "Green" to indicate it has powered on

Appendix A. Connectors

RJ-11



Pin#	Signal	Pin#	Signal
1	NC	6	NC
2	GND		
3	RX		
4	ТХ		
5	CTS		

miniSAS HD (SFF-8644)



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Signal	Pin Number#	
Rx 0+	B4	
Rx 0	B5	
Rx 1+	A4	
Rx 1	A5	
Sideband 7	A1	
Sideband 3	B1	
Sideband 4	C1	
Sideband 5	D1	
Rx 2+	B7	
Rx 2	B8	
Rx 3+	A7	
Rx 3	A8	
Tx 0+	D4	
Tx 0	D5	
Tx 1+	C4	
Tx 1	C5	
Sideband 0	A2	
Sideband 1	B2	
Sideband 2	C2	
Sideband 6	D2	
Tx 2+	D7	
Tx 2	D8	
Tx 3+	C7	
Tx 3	C8	
SIGNAL	A3, A6, A9, B3, B6, B9,	
GROUND	C3, C6, C9, D3, D6, D9	

Appendix B. Firmware Updating

The procedure to update firmware of JBOD shall thru the UART, please refer to "Appendix C. Command Line Interface" to create a CLI connection, then follow the steps as bellowing to update the firmware of JBOD.

1. First type "fdl code 0" under "CLI>" prompt,

🎨 115200 - HyperTerminal	
File Edit View Call Transfer Help	
CLI> CLI>	
Connected 0:02:49 VT100 115200 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	

2. Then under hyper terminal click "file" at top to pull down the menu. Choose "Xmodem" and select the firmware file in the directory then press send to attach file. If file is receiving within the timeout limit (60sec), then firmware update will proceed. If a timeout message appear, please retry the step 2 again.

🔁 1 1 5 2 00 - Hyper Terminal
File Edit View Call Transfer Help
CLI> CLI>
Connected 0:05:15 VT100 115200 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo

The firmware date are presented in the following filename format,

- a. FW file(code):sas2xfwXXXX.fw
- b. Data file(mfgb): mfgdat6gYYYY.rom
- 3. Firmware update procedure can be stopped by pressing Q or q.
- 6. Perform a cold-start after the firmware updating is completed.
- 7. After the firmware updating is completed, repeat steps 1-6 to update the Data file, but change the CLI command as following.

CLI> fdl mfgb 0

Then use file "mfgdata.rom" to update the Datafile.

8. After both files are updated, restart the expander.

Appendix C. Command Line Interface (CLI)

This Command Line Interface (CLI) is provided for you to manage the 12Gb JBOD system series 12/16/24 system functions. The CLI is useful in environments where a graphical user interface (GUI) is not available.

Create a CLI connection

Locations of RS-232C Port

The 12Gb JBOD system uses the RJ11 port as the serial port interface. Please use the cable included in the shipping box to configure the expander controller.



Console (Terminal Port)

Establishing the Connection for the Console(Terminal/RS-232) Port

The CLI function can be done by using an ANSI/VT-100 compatible terminal emulation program. You must complete the appropriate installation procedure before proceeding with the CLI function. Whichever terminal emulation program is used must support the 1K XMODEM file transfer protocol.

The Console (Terminal/RS-232) port on the JBOD system I/O shield can be used in VT100 mode. The provided interface cable converts the RS232 signal of the RJ11 connector on the JBOD system into a 9-pin D-Sub male connector. The firmware-based terminal SAS expander management interface can access the expander through this Terminal/RS-232 port. You can attach a VT-100 compatible terminal or a PC running a VT-100 terminal emulation program to the serial port for accessing the text-based setup menu.

To ensure proper communications between them JBOD subsystem and the VT-100 Terminal Emulation, please configure the VT100 terminal emulation settings to the values shown below:

Terminal requirement		
Connection	Null-modem cable	
Baud Rate	115,200	
Data bits	8	
Stop	1	
Flow Control	None	

The JBOD Subsystem's RJ-11 connector's pin assignments are defined as below :

RS-232C Pin Assignments			
Pin	Description	Pin	Description
1	N/C	6	NC
2	GND		
3	RX		
4	ТХ		
5	CTS		

By connecting a VT100 compatible terminal, or a PC operating in an equivalent terminal emulation mode, all RAID subsystem monitoring, configuration and administration functions can be exercised from the VT100 terminal.

There are a wide variety of Terminal Emulation packages, but for the most part they should be very similar. The following setup procedure is an example Setup of VT100 Terminal in Windows XP system using Hyper Terminal Version 5.1.

Step 1. From the Desktop open the Start menu. Pick All Programs, Accessories, Communications and Hyper Terminal. Open Hyper Terminal (requires version 3.0 or higher)



Step 2. Open HYPERTRM.EXE.



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Location Information	? 🔀
	Before you can make any phone or modem connections, Windows needs the following information about your current location. What country/region are you in now?
	Cambodia 🗸 🗸
	What area code (or city code) are you in now? If you need to specify a carrier code, what is it? If you dial a number to access an outside line, what is it?
	The phone system at this location uses:
	⊙ Tone dialing
	OK Cancel

Step 3. Enter a name for your Terminal. Click OK.

	Connection Description Image: Connection Enter a name and choose an icon for the connection: Name: RAID Icon ICON <	
--	---	--

Step 4. Select an appropriate connecting port in your Terminal. Click OK

RAID - HyperTerminal File Edit View Call Transfer Help	
	Connect To
Disconnected Auto detect Auto detect	SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Printlecho

Step 5. Configure the port parameter settings. Bits per second: "115200", Data bits: "8", Parity: "None", Stop bits: "1", Flow control: "None". Click OK

OM1 Properties	-	? 🛛						
Port Settings								
Bits per second:	115200	~						
Data bits:	8	~						
Parity:	None	~						
Stop bits:	1	~						
Flow control:	None	~						
	Restore [efaults						
	JK Cancel (Apply						
				7	t			
nnected /	Auto detect Auto detec	SCROLL	CAPS	NUM	apture	Print echo		

Step 6. Open the File menu, and then open Properties.

2	1
э	T

🥙 RAID - HyperTermina	L		
File Edit View Call Tran New Connection Open Save Save As			
Page Setup Print Properties	_		
Exit Alt+F4			

Step 7. Open the Settings Tab.

🗐 Windows XP Professional - VMware Workstation		<u> ×</u>
Eile Edit View VM Team Windows Help	🔲 💵 💽 🔄 🔄 🔄 🚺 🚳 🕼 🧊	
Ch Window: 98 Ch Window: Server 2003 Enterprise E	ndows XP Professional	×
RAID - HyperTerminal		
	RAID Properties Image: Ima	
Connected 0:00:51 Auto detect Auto	OK Cancel detect SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo	2 956PT v

Step 8. Open the Settings Tab. Function, arrow and ctrl keys act as: Terminal Keys,

Backspace key sends: Crtl+H, Emulation: VT100, Telnet terminal: VT100, Back scroll buffer lines: 500. Click OK.

RAID Properties	2 🛛
Connect To Settings	
Function, arrow, and ctrl keys act as	
Backspace key sends ③ Ctrl+H	
Emulation:	
VT100 Terminal Setup	
Telnet terminal ID: VT100	
Backscroll buffer lines: 500	\$
Play sound when connecting or disconnecting	
Input Translation ASCII Setup	
	Cancel

Now, the VT100 is ready to use.

CLI Command Set

This section provides detail information about the 12Gb JBOD Subsystem's CLI function. All the commands please type in lower case. The CLI has the following commands:

HELP Command

This command provides an on-line table of contents, providing brief descriptions of the help sub-commands. You can use the <CLI > help to get detail information about the CLI commands summary.

Syntax

CLI>help[Enter]

Example: CLI >help

Pass	- Set Password
Lo	- Logout CLI Shell
Link	- Link Rate Control
dhpm	- Bandwidth Optimizer
th	- Temperature Control
group	- Set the PHY Group
sys	- System Information
bu	- Alarm Control
fan	- Fan Speed Control
spin	- Drive SpinUp Control
st	- Store System Setting
lsd	- List Devices Status
showlogs	- Show the Current Logs
fld	- File Download
counters reset (optional)	- Display/Reset all phy counters
sasaddr	- Display expander SAS address

PASS Command

The pass command allows user to set or clear the expander box password protection feature. Once the password has been set, the user can only monitor and access the expander box setting by providing the correct password. The password can accept max8 chars and min. 4 chars. The manufacture default password is **"0000"**.

Syntax

CLI>pass [Enter] Example: CLI>pass Old Password: **** New Password: **** Verify New Password: **** Password Changed But Not Save Permanently! Note, use CLI command "st" to keep permanently.

LO Command

To exit the selected expander box CLI shell, use the lo command.

Syntax CLI > lo [Enter] Example: CLI > lo Password:

LINK Command

The link command allows you to set the operate device link rate that has been connected on expander controllers. Typical parameters include: Max and Min disk speed connected the SAS expander box.

Syntax

```
CLI>link [Index Max Min] [Enter]
Index: Slot Index
Max, Min: speed code, 8 means 1.5G, 9 means 3.0G, 10 means
6.0G, and 11 means 12.0G
PS. Pls. Save Config. & Reboot To Take Effect
CLI>st
Example:
CLI>link
ArrayDevice Element (0x17):
_____
NAME
       PHY ORG NLR MAX MIN TYPE
                                  ADDRESS
SLOT 01 13 6G 6G 11 8
                                  5001B469-189AE00D
                           SATA
SLOT 02 12
           6G
               6G
                  11
                       8
                           SAS
                                  5011B469-189AE00C
SLOT 03 14
           6G
               6G 11
                      8
                           SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE00E
SLOT 04 15
           6G
               6G 11
                       8
                           SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE00F
SLOT 05 9
           6G
               6G 11
                          SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE009
                       8
               6G 11
SLOT 06 8
           6G
                       8
                           SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE008
SLOT 07 10
           6G
               6G
                  11
                       8
                           SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE00A
SLOT 08 11
           6G
               6G 11
                           SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE00B
                       8
SLOT 09 5
           6G
               6G 11
                       8
                          SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE005
SLOT 10 4
           6G
               6G
                  11
                       8
                           SATA
                                  5011B469-189AE004
                   11
SLOT 11 6
           3G
               3G
                           SAS
                                  500000E0-168F8E92
                       8
SLOT 12 7
           3G
               3G
                   11
                      8
                           SAS
                                  50000E0-168F8E99
//Set the slot 0x6 max. speed to 3.0G
CLI > link 6 9 8
CLI>st
CLI>
Reboot to take effect.
CLI >link
ArrayDevice Element (0x17):
_____
NAME
       PHY ORG NLR MAX MIN TYPE
                                 ADDRESS
```

SLOT 01	13	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5001B469-189AE00D
SLOT 02	12	6G	6G	11	8	SAS	5011B469-189AE00C
SLOT 03	14	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00E
SLOT 04	15	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00F
SLOT 05	9	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE009
SLOT 06	8	6G	3G	9	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE008
SLOT 07	10	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00A
SLOT 08	11	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00B
SLOT 09	5	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE005
SLOT 10	4	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE004
SLOT 11	6	3G	3G	11	8	SAS	500000E0-168F8E92
SLOT 12	7	3G	3G	11	8	SAS	500000E0-168F8E99

DHPM Command

Use for 3G/6G SAS/SATA drive speed up as 12G drive performance. DataBolt[™] Bandwidth Optimizer is designed to help facilitate the industry transition to 12Gb/s SAS-enabled systems by allowing users to take advantage of 12Gb/s speeds while utilizing existing 6Gb/s drives or backplanes.

Syntax

CLI > dhpm [on | off] [i,j,..] [Enter]

on - turn on all drive slot as 12G performance mode.

off - turn off all drive slot 12G performance mode.

 i,j,\ldots - turn on/off drive slot i,j, ...12G performance mode.

Example:

CLI>help dhpm

Drive High Performance dhpm { [on | off] [i,j,..] }

CLI>link

ArrayDevice Element (0x17):

	===	===	===	===	= = = =		
NAME	PHY	ORG	NLR	MAX	MIN	TYPE	ADDRESS
SLOT 01	13	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5001B469-189AE00D
SLOT 02	12	6G	6G	11	8	SAS	5011B469-189AE00C
SLOT 03	14	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00E
SLOT 04	15	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00F
SLOT 05	9	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE009
SLOT 06	8	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE008
SLOT 07	10	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00A
SLOT 08	11	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00B
SLOT 09	5	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE005
SLOT 10	4	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE004
SLOT 11	6	3G	3G	11	8	SAS	500000E0-168F8E92
SLOT 12	7	3G	3G	11	8	SAS	500000E0-168F8E99
CLI>dhpr	n on	2,12		;;;;;;	set c	drive slot	2,12 on
CLI>st							
Reset or I	Powe	rCycl	е				
CLI>link							
ArrayDev	ice El	lemei	nt (0	x17):			
=====	===	===	===	===	===		
NAME	PHY	ORG	NLR	MAX	MIN	TYPE	ADDRESS
SLOT 01	13	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5001B469-189AE00D
SLOT 02	12	6G	12G	11	8	SAS	5011B469-189AE00C
SLOT 03	14	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00E
SLOT 04	15	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00F
SLOT 05	9	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE009
SLOT 06	8	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE008
SLOT 07	10	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00A
SLOT 08	11	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE00B
SLOT 09	5	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE005
SLOT 10	4	6G	6G	11	8	SATA	5011B469-189AE004

SLOT 11 6 SAS 3G 3G 11 8 500000E0-168F8E92 SLOT 12 7 3G **12G** 11 8 SAS 500000E0-168F8E99 CLI>dhpm on ;;;;;; set all drives on CLI>st Reset or PowerCycle

TH Command

The th command allows you to set the operate device temperature warning limit. Typical parameters include: High-Warn and Low-Warn are warning temperature in Celsius.

Syntax

CLI > th Index High-Warn Low-Warn

Example:

CLI>th

Temperature Element (0x04):

NAME	ID	CT('C)	HTW	LTW OT	Warn
ENC.Temp	01	30	60	5	No
Chip Temp	02	64	85	5	No
Slot01 Temp	03	31	60	5	No
Slot02 Temp	04	32	60	5	No
Slot03 Temp	05	30	60	5	No
Slot04 Temp	06	31	60	5	No
Slot05 Temp	07	36	60	5	No
Slot06 Temp	08	32	60	5	No
Slot07 Temp	09	32	60	5	No
Slot08 Temp	10	35	60	5	No
Slot09 Temp	11	34	60	5	No
Slot10 Temp	12	32	60	5	No
Slot11 Temp	13	32	60	5	No

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Slot12 Temp		14	32	6	0		5	No	
CLI>th 2 79 0									
Temperature Element (0x04):									
NAME	ID	CT('C)	HTW		LTW		OTWar	n
ENC. Temp	01	30		60		5		No	
Chip Temp	02	64		79		0		No	
Slot01 Temp	03	31		60		5		No	
Slot02 Temp	04	32		60		5		No	
Slot03 Temp	05	30		60		5		No	
Slot04 Temp	06	31		60		5		No	
Slot05 Temp	07	36		60		5		No	
Slot06 Temp	08	32		60		5		No	
Slot07 Temp	09	32		60		5		No	
Slot08 Temp	10	35		60		5		No	
Slot09 Temp	11	34		60		5		No	
Slot10 Temp	12	32		60		5		No	
Slot11 Temp	13	32		60		5		No	
Slot12 Temp	14	33		60		5		No	
CLI>st									
CLI>									
Reboot to take	e effe	ect.							
CLI>th									
Temperature E	Eleme	ent (0x04)):					
	===	===	====	===	= = =	===	====	====	
NAME	ID	CT('C)	HTW		LTW		OTWar	n
ENC. Temp	01	30		60		5		No	
Chip Temp	02	64		79		0		No	
Slot01 Temp	03	31		60		5		No	
Slot02 Temp	04	32		60		5		No	
Slot03 Temp	05	30		60		5		No	
Slot04 Temp	06	31		60		5		No	

Slot05 Temp	07	36	60	5	No
Slot06 Temp	08	32	60	5	No
Slot07 Temp	09	32	60	5	No
Slot08 Temp	10	35	60	5	No
Slot09 Temp	11	34	60	5	No
Slot10 Temp	12	32	60	5	No
Slot11 Temp	13	32	60	5	No
Slot12 Temp	14	33	60	5	No

GROUP Command

The group command is used to associate the external port with the devices/phys as one zone group. The three external cable ports and all devices/phys slots will default associate with one zone group.

Syntax

gr {dev GroupNo[1..] {ci, cj, ck,..} Start-Index(D) End-Index(D)
}

gr { off | [t10 off] }

dev : use drive slot index

GroupNo : groupno start from 1, max 8 groups ci, cj, ck,...:

external cable connector. i, j, k,.. is the index which range from 0

to 3. According to view from connector side, index start from

right to left or top to bottom. The cable c0, c1, or c2 is view

from right to left or start from top to bottom.

Start-Index : Start slot index of zone range, [1.. max drive]

End-Index : End slot index of zone range, [1.. max drive]

off : clear the zone group setting.

t10 off : turn T10 mode off.

Example:

CLI>gr

Current PHY Group Mode: T10

Group-1: C0, C1, C2, Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Value: 0x000000FFFFFFFF //Set the cable0 and slot 1 to slot 6 as group 1 CLI>gr dev 1 c0 1 6 New PHY Group Mode: T10 Group-1: C0, Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Value: 0x000000000FFC00 Current PHY Group Mode: T10 Group-1: C0, C1, C2 Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Value: 0x000000FFFFFFFF //Set the cable1 and cable2 and slot 7 to slot 16 as group 2 CLI>gr dev 2 c1, c2 7 16 New PHY Group Mode: T10 Group-1: C0, Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Value: 0x000000000FFC00 Group-2: C1, C2, Slot: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Value: 0x00000000FF003FF Current PHY Group Mode: T10 Group-1: C0, C1, C2 Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Value: 0x000000FFFFFFFF CLI>st Power Cycle to reboot CLI>gr Current PHY Group Mode: T10 Group-1: C0, Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Value: 0x0000000000FFC00 Group-2: C1, C2, Slot: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Value: 0x00000000FF003FF //Clear the Zone group Setting

CLI>gr off New PHY Group Mode: T10 Group-1: C0, C1, C2 Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Value: 0x0000000FFFFFFFF Current PHY Group Mode: T10 Group-1: C0, Slot: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Value: 0x000000000FFC00 Group-2: C1, C2, Slot: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 Value: 0x00000000FF003FF

SYS Command

Taiwan, R.O.C Model ID : ARC-8028 Serial No. : 00000000000000 Unit Serial No. : Expander SAS Address : 0x5001B469189AE03F Product Revision : 0

Expander Chip ID : 0x0233 (Ports : 36) Expander Chip Revision : CO Customer Code : 0x35 (R01) Manufacturer Data Revision : 0x01 12/12/13 Working Time : Day00000-00:00:06 Dual Mode : Single ______ Firmware Revision Information: -Boot Image: Revision: 100.BD.00.0A 12/05/13 Firmware Family: 0 OemFamily: 0 Fast Boot: Yes Image Address: 0x1000000 Firmware Copy 1: Revision: 100.BD.01.0A 01/06/14 Firmware Family: 0 OemFamily: 0 Fast Boot: Yes Image Address: 0x10100000 Firmware Copy 2: [Active] Revision: 100.BD.01.0A 01/06/14 Firmware Family: 0 OemFamily: 0 Fast Boot: Yes Image Address: 0x10200000 HAL Revision: 0.1.0.0 SES Revision: 0.1.0.0 SCE Revision: 0.1.0.0

BU Command

The BU command allows you to control the buzzer attributes that have been controlled by SAS expander H/W. There are four sound levels defined by the expander H/W.

The default warning is sound level 2 and critical: sound level 3.

Syntax

CLI>BU [Warning Critical] [MUTE] [Enter]

Example: CLI>BU **Buzzer Attribute:** Warning Beep: Sound 2 Critical Beep: Sound 3 CLI>BU 0x1 0x3 CLI>BUBuzzer Attribute: Warning Beep: Sound 1 Critical Beep: Sound 3 CLI> When expander alarm with buzzer, you can temporarily mute it with the following command. The buzzer still can be activated by the next different event. CLI>BU MUTE When expander alarm with buzzer, you can disable it completely by command "bu 0 0". If you would like to enable beeper, the command for default settings will be "bu 2 3".

FAN Command

The fan command allows you to set the operate fan speed. Typical parameters include: LowestSpeed and WarningSpeed are fan speed in speed code from level 1 to 7.

The LowestSpeed is the speed code that fan operate in normal state, and the WarningSpeed is the speed code that fan operate in warning state; like as detect a device in over-temperature.

Syntax

CLI > fan LowestSpeed WarningSpeed Example: CLI > fan Cooling Element (0x03):

SPEED							
NAME	CODE	RPM	STATUS				
Fan 01	2	3690	ОК				
Fan 02	2	4090	ОК				
Fan 03	2	3650	ОК				
Fan 04	2 405	0 ОК					
Current F	AN Speed	Attribute	:				
Lowest S	peedCode	: 2					
Warning S CLI>fan S	SpeedCod 3 7	e: 5					
New FAN	Speed At	tribute:					
Lowest S	peedCode	: 3					
Warning	SpeedCod	e: 7					
Current F	AN Speed	Attribute	:				
Lowest S	peedCode	: 2					
Warning	SpeedCod	e: 5					
CLI>st							
CLI>							
Reboot to	take effe	ect.					
CLI>fan							
Cooling E	lement (0	x03):					
=====	======	======					
SPEED							
NAME	CODE	RPM	STATUS				
Fan 01	3	4140	ОК				
Fan 02	3	4630	ОК				
Fan 03	3	4140	ОК				
Fan 04	3	4490	ОК				
Current FAN Speed Attribute:							
Lowest SpeedCode: 3							
Warning	Warning SpeedCode: 7						
Fan interi	nal comma	and for dif	ferent fan speed type:				

fan -t [high | normal | low | vlow] high : 6000 - 10000 rpm normal : 1800 - 7000 rpm low : 1000 - 2000 rpm vlow : below 1000 rpm The above is a rough value, user can set different to fit the fan speed type. Default is normal.

SPIN Command

The spin command defines the mode of staggering SATA drive spin-up function connected on the expander box. This command gives expander box the ability to spin up the disk drives sequentially or in groups, allowing the drives to come ready at the optimum time without straining the system power supply. Staggering drive spin-up in a multiple drive environment also avoids the extra cost of a power supply designed to meet short-term startup power demand as well as:

Syntax

CLI> spin [Delay(D)[ms] Num(D)] Expander issues the spin up the drives by [Num] drives with [Delay] ms. Example1: CLI>spin Current SpinUp Attribute: Drive Number: 1 Delay: 1024 ms CLI>spin 512 3 New SpinUp Attribute: Drive Number: 3 Delay: 512 ms

Current SpinUp Attribute: Drive Number: 1 Delay: 1024 ms

ST Command

The st command stores system configurations in flash. Since all the revised parameter setting is temporarily stored in the working RAM, the ST command saves those parameters permanently in flash ROM.

Syntax

CLI> st Example: CLI> st CLI>

LSD Command

The lsd command is use for show the element devices status in the expander controller. With parameter, this command only show the seletct device status.

Syntax

CLI > Isd [hdd | temp | volt | pwr | con | ..] Show SES elements information:

ArrayDevice Element (0x17):

NAME	PHY	NLR	MAX	MIN	TYPE	ADDRESS
SLOT 01	0	3.0G	10	8	SAS	5000C500-0D2002D1
SLOT 02	1		10	8		
SLOT 03	2		10	8		
SLOT 04	3	1.5G	10	8	SATA	5001B469-84965C03
SLOT 05	4		10	8		

SLOT 06	5		10	8		
SLOT 07	6	6.0G	10	8	SAS	5000C500-17C8FD25
SLOT 08	7		10	8		
SLOT 09	8		10	8		
SLOT 10	9		10	8		
SLOT 11	10		10	8		
SLOT 12	11		10	8		

Connector Element (0x19):

NAME	PHY	NLR	TYPE	STATUS
Connector00	16		02	
Connector00	17		02	
Connector00	18		02	
Connector00	19		02	
Connector01	20	6.0G	02	Connected
Connector01	21	6.0G	02	Connected
Connector01	22	6.0G	02	Connected
Connector01	23	6.0G	02	Connected
Connector02	24		02	
Connector02	25		02	
Connector02	26		02	
Connector02	27		02	

Cooling Element (0x03):

SPEED			
NAME	CODE	RPM	STATUS
Fan 01	5	2100	ОК
Fan 02	5	2200	ОК
Fan 03			Not-Installed
Fan 04			Not-Installed

Temperature Element (0x04):

	=	= = = =	=====:			
NAME		ID	CT('C)	HTW	LTW	OTWarn
ENC. Tei	mp	01	32	60	5	No
Chip Ter	np	02	42	85	0	No
Voltage	Eleme	ent (C	0x12):			
	====	====	======			==========
NAME	VOL	T(V)	OVLMT	UVLMT	STATUS	
1V	0.99		1.07	0.94	None	
5V	4.96		5.32	4.63	None	
PowerSu	ipply	Elem	ent (0x02):		
		- = = =	======			
NAME			STATUS			
PowerSu	ipply0	1	ОК			
PowerSu	ipply0	2	ОК			
AudibleAlarm Element (0x06):						
	====					
NAME			STATUS	ALMSTA	TE	
Audible	Alarm		Normal	0		

Audible-Alarm Normal 0 CLI>

SHOWLOGS Command

The showlogs command allows you to display system event notifications that have been generated event by the SAS expander box.

Syntax

CLI>showlogs [DisplayMode(hex, detail, default)] Example:

CLI>showlogs

0000000-0000000:PLATFORM: Firmware initialization started Day00000-00:00:00 ENCLOSURE-Fan 01 Failed

FDL Command

The box has added the expander firmware update through the CLI on the external RS-232 port. Before you process the firmware update, there are two block regions that you can update expander microcode on SAS expander box.

1. CODE region - for FW file : sas3xfwYYMMDD.fw

2. MFGB region - for Data file : mfg12gYYMMDD.rom

To update the expander controller firmware, follow the procedure below:

Syntax: all the commands please type in lower case

CLI>fdl { code | mfgb } offset[Enter]

Then use XModem/(Checksum) protocol transmit file to update ROM Region. The following procedures is used to update firmware through the RS-232:

1. Open any UART communication tools like HypeTerminal(

115200,n,8,1).

2. Press any key on HyperTerminal window, the window will show "CLI>" prompt.

3. Type help will show help screen.

4. One command to update firmware. Step as follow.

5. Issue download & update command under "CLI>".

CLI>fdl code 0

Please Use XModem Protocol for File Transmission.

Use Q or q to quit Download before starting XModem.

<----expander prompt for ready to receive file to update.

 Then under HyperTerminal program, use the pull down menu item transfer "Send" -> send files when dialog box prompt,

choose "Xmodem" and the file in the directory then press "send".

(a). If the expander receive the file under the timeout

limit (60s), the process starts.

(b). If time out, please retry the step E again.

7. You can also cancel the program step by type 'q'.

8. If transfer OK, the transfered data is updated. Cold-start

expander (Power cycle again) to take effect.

Example:

Update procedure, use Xmodem to transfer, refer to "fdl" command for detail operation.

CLI > fdl { code | mfgb } offset[Enter]

Use HyperTerminal or TeraTerm utility with Xmodem mode to transfer and update files.

If transfer OK, the transfered data is updated. Cold-start

expander (Power cycle again) to take effect.

The following firmware and data are available in the following filename format.

1. FW file (CODE) : sas3xfwYYMMDD.fw

2. Data file (MFGB) : mfg12gYYMMDD.rom

Update SAS expander firmware:

CLI > fdl code 0

Use HyperTerminal or TeraTerm utility with Xmodem mode to transfer sas3xfwYYMMDD.fw.

If transfer OK, the transfered data is updated. Cold-start expander (Power cycle again) to take effect.

Update SAS expander data file:

CLI>fdl mfgb 0

Use HyperTerminal or TeraTerm utility with Xmodem mode to transfer mfg12gYYMMDD.rom.

If transfer OK, the transfered data is updated. Cold-start expander (Power cycle again) to take effect.

Counters Reset Command

Display/Reset all phy counters counters reset (optional).

CLI>counters reset

Phy counters successfully reset.

CLI > counters

== InvWrdCnt ==DispErrCnt ==LossSyncCnt ==RstSeqFailCnt=

Sasaddr Command

CLI>sasaddr Expander New SAS Address: 0x5001B4690400083F Expander Current SAS Address: EXP Port SAS Address: 0x5001B4690400083F SXP Port SAS Address: 0x5001B4690400083D STP Port SAS Address: Disabled

Appendix D. Specifications

Specifications

Model	AN-624JT	AN-616JT	AN-612JT					
System Type	4U Rackmount	3U Rackmount	2U Rackmount					
Expander numbers	1 or 2	1 or 2	1 or 2					
Host Interface	Single minSAS HD (SFF	F-8644) connectors (4 x 120	Bb Links) / Expander					
Host Transfer Rate		12Gb/ Sec						
Disk Interface	2 x minS/	SAS 2.0, 6Gbps/ Port AS HD (SFF-8644) for Expa	nsion					
Disk Channel	24 x SAS 3.0, 12Gb	16x SAS 3.0, 12Gb	12 x SAS 3.0, 12Gb					
Hot Swap and redundant	Yes (Expande	er box, Power Supply, Drive	and Fan).					
Hot Spare		Yes (Drive).						
Monitoring / Indicators	Through In-band SES (SCSI Enclosure Service) LED Indicators on Front Panel							
Remote Terminal Configuration	Yes.							
Operating Systems	O/S Independent and Transparent							
Power Supply	500+500+500 watts Redundancy 80 Plus energy-Efficient power system, Three 500 watts module with PFC function. Load sharing type and cable-less design with Redundancy Three Power inlet	500+500 watts Redundand power system, two 500 watt Load sharing type and Redundancy D	cy 80 Plus energy-Efficient s module with PFC function. cable-less design with ual Power inlet					
Electrical	1	AC Voltage 100-240 VAC Ac Frequency 47-63Hz						
Temperature	Operating Non Operatin	g Temperature : 5 to 35 degr ng Temperature : -40 to 60 d	ee C. egree C.					
Relative Humidity	20	% to 80% non-condensing						
Dimensions	446.5mm(W)*517mm(D)*4U	446.5mm(W)*517mm(D)*3U	446.5mm(W)*527mm(D)*2U					



Specifications subject to change without notice.